

Presentation Third Quarter 2005
Oslo and London, November 9
Group | Scandinavian Airines Businesses| Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airines | Aririne Support | Airiline Related Business |Hotels

Record load and improved operating result

3rd Quarter result follows plan for profitability
Operating result significantly improved

- Positive EBIT Jan-Sep MSEK 703

Strong improvement in operating cash flow
Relatively stable yields and record load factors
Turnaround 2005 as planned

- Unit cost down 5,0\% adjusted for currency and fuel (vs. 2004)
- Continuous efficiency measures - local
- Fuel costs up appr. SEK 1,1 billion vs last year

Successful start with new business models

Group |Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affilated Airilines | Arrine Support | Airline Related Business |Hotels

Scandinavian Airlines 3rd Quarter result

| Jul-Sep in MSEK | $\frac{\text { sas }}{\text { Danmark }}$ | sas Braathens | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sas } \\ & \text { sumerige } \\ & \text { Sver } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues | 2640 | 3066 | 1778 | 2217 |
| EBITDAR | 179 | 463 | 97 | 384 |
| EBT | -68 | 183 | -93 | 198 |
| Jan-Sep in MSEK |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 7654 | 9067 | 5682 | 5806 |
| EBITDAR | 284 | 1262 | 191 | 504 |
| EBT | -429 | 692 | -373 | -8 |


| Results significantly improved |
| :--- |
|  |
| Jul-Sep in MSEK | spanair



Gunilla Berg CFO

Blue1 gaining market shares and shows strong profitability


Blue1 well recognized as a Finnish airline

- Competitive cost position in Blue1 provides base for profitable expansion
- Blue1 gaining market shares in the finnish market



EBITDAR improved by 40\% in Jan-Sep

EBITDAR and EBIT (12 months rolling)
MSEK

| - EBITDAR in Jan-Sep 2005 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| was 4 | 483 (3 202) MSEK |


| Financial position improved |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Improvements in airlines and hotels

|  | Jul-Sep |  | Jan-Sep |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSEK | 2005 | Change | 2005 | Change |
| - Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | 134 | +329 | -504 | +768 |
| - Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airlines | 401 | +148 | 401 | +356 |
| - Airline Support Businesses | 72 | -215 | 370 | -74 |
| - Airlines Related Businesses | 7 | -7 | 21 | -18 |
| - Hotels | 88 | +92 | 25 | +121 |
| - Group, eliminations, other | -83 | +74 | -427 | +70 |
| - EBT bef non-recurring items | 619 | +421 | -114 | +1223 |

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In process:
Simplified business models in Scandinavian Airlines and new cost initiatives

- Turnaround 2005 SEK 0,5 billion to be implemented as planned
- Cost adaptation measures estimated to SEK 2 billion
Work in progress


Secure further improvement in cost position vs. LCC after completion of Turnaround 2005


## Jørgen Lindegaard CEO

From the Danish marketing campaign

Future business models within European aviation industry

| Pure LCC companies | LCC+ companies | Global network companies | Intercontinental "region-to-region" companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Focus on price sensitive local passengers, fly from secondary airport with minimal service | Focus on price sensitive local passengers, fly from secondary airport with minimal service | , Offers extended European transfer system via "megahub" and a complete intercontinental network | Base business on geographical and demographical prerequisites in respective market |
| Lowest possible costneed to start from scratch <br> - Brand not promising more thar justir | - Lowest possible costneed to start from scratch <br> - Brand not promising more than just travel | - Efficient production platform | , Efficient production platform <br> - Access to traffic to/from home base enough to motivate a limited intercontinental network |
| SAS Group possibilities |  |  |  |
| No, not possible to reach cost level | - Yes, need for further reduced cost, network planning focusing on local market, new business model without crosssubsidization | , No, not sufficient market, not possible to reach cost level, not enough financial strength to build global presence | - Yes, need for further reduced cost, network planning focusing on local market and access to cheap feeder from extended home market |

Business models for SAS Group airlines

- three common denominators


Change
Price structures based on demand-driven one-
way prices for simple online distribution
Ny Inrikesflyget 450 :-
Differentiated base product

- Add-on products that stimulate buy-up and
ancillary revenues
- Traffic systems dimensioned for local passengers - and for profitable transfer traffic

Dynamic flexible traffic planning

- Cost level for basic product in line with most
efficient players
Additional costs for transfer, distribution, in-flight, on-ground, network etc. to be covered by a price premium

We continue to focus on the commercial side with customer focus and value for money

 Intercontinental routes


Flat beds to be introduced in first quarter 2006 on long haul

## ONE WAY

Simplified rules and one way pricing have resulted in significantly improved have resulted in
customer value


More than 3,2 million More than 3,2 million
members, up $6 \%$ since year mem

Successful launch of New European business model

Significant increase in number of high load flights


Positive results in most group companies on track to target levels


- Widerøe acquired 1998

Leading regional airline in Norway - CFROI of $24 \%$ achieved

- Braathens acquired 2001
- Merged SAS Braathens 2004
- Strong development but costs to be streamlined further
- Blue1 strong performance
- CFROI of $21 \%$
- Spanair acquired 2001
- Loss making 1997-2003
- Profitable in 2004 adjusted for oneoffs
- Local cost adaptation measures to secure profitability in Scandinavian Airlines Businesses


## Sum up 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter

- New Business Models introduced
- Successful launch of one way prices on

European/Intrascandinavian routes

- Dynamic traffic planning
- Cost adaptation measures of appr SEK 2 billion
- Stable yields and record load factors
- Turnaround 2005
- To be completed as planned

Cautious outlook

- Still uncertainties in the marketplace, but signs of reduced
overcapacity
- Business Plan shows positive earnings

Additional slides for further information



| MSEK, January-September | 2005 | 2004 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - Revenue | 45600 | 43133 | $5,7 \%$ |
| - EBITDAR | 4483 | 3202 | $40 \%$ |
| - EBITDAR-margin | $9,8 \%$ | $7,4 \%$ | $+2,4$ p.p. |
| - CFROI | $12 \%$ | $8 \%$ | +4 p.p. |

Revenue seasonality pattern

jan feb mar apr maj jun jul aug sep okt nov dec

Group
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Result development 2003-2005
EBT before nonrecurring items


EBITDAR Jan-Sep improved 40\%



EBITDAR in Jan-Sep 2005 was 4483 (3 202) MSEK

## EBITDAR

- Scandin Airl. 2266 MSEK
- Spanair 719 MSEK
- Widerøe 89 MSEK
- Blue1 42 MSEK

Group | Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affllated Arrines | Ariline Support | Airline Related Business |Hotels
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SAS Group - Quarterly EBT


Group
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SAS Group number of passengers grew by 8,9\% during 3rd Quarter

$\square$ Passenger growth (12-month rolling) — Number of passengers (12 month-rolling)

Strongest growth in airBaltic, Blue1 and Spanair - Group passengers up 8,9\% in Q3


- Average market prices:

- Hedge levels (including premiums)
- Q4 2005: 450 USD/MT
- Q4 2005: 450 USD/MT
_ 12 months: 580 USD/MT

399 USD/MT

- Q1 $2003-323$ USD/MT
- Q3 2003264 USD/MT
- Q4 2003298 USD/MT
- Q1 2004322 USD/MT
- Q2 2004365 USD/MT
- Q4 2004474 USD/MT
- Q2 2005556 USD/MT
- Q3 2005634 USD/Mt

Fuel costs offset by fuel charges

- future part of dynamic pricing

Current spot price app 50\% higher than year end

- SAS Group has $50 \%$ hedge in place for October 2005 to September 2006

Summary fuel charges


May 2004 4-6 Euro
Sep 20042 Euro

- Nov 20042 Euro Apr 20052 Euro

Fuel charges have had a positive effect on yield in Jan-Sep by 5-6 p.u.

As from September part of ticket price and yield management (excep intercontinental)

Group | Scandinavian Arrines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affllated Arrines | Arrine Support| Airline Related Business |Hotels
SAS


## 2005 ¢ү| brinoys

Distribution of cost reductions in Turnaround 2005 by cost item


Group | Scandinavian Arrines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affilated Airines | Arrine Support | Arrine Related Business |Hotels


| 12 months rolling Oct 04-Sep 05 | Air craft/day | Pilots/year | Cabin/year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | 8,1 | 556 | 616 |
| Spanair | 8,2 |  | 719 |
| Widerge | 6,7 | 488 | 442 |
| Blue1 | 8,1 | 698 | 709 |
| airBaltic | 8,3 | 783 | 746 | 38

## Block hours for Group Airlines

airBaltic

Aircraft utilization (12 month roling)


Key productivity ratios improving Cabin crew over 600 block hours


Group | Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Afflated Arilines | Arrine Support| Ariline Related Business |Hotels
Scandinavian Airlines Businesses unit cost development

12 months rolling SEK/ASK




Business areas

Share of e-tickets growing significantly - well over 60\% during 3rd Quarter



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Scandinavian Airlines Businesses income statements


|  | July-September |  |  | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSEK | 2005 | 2004 | Change | 2005 | 2004 | Change |
| Revenues | 9284 | 8945 | +339 | 27117 | 26362 | +755 |
| Operating expenses | -8183 | -8273 | -90 | -24851 | -25014 | -163 |
| EBITDAR | 1244 | 819 | +425 | 2266 | 1348 | +918 |
| Lease | -494 | -407 | +87 | -1393 | -1153 | +240 |
| EBITDA | 607 | 265 | +342 | 873 | 195 | +678 |
| - Depreciation | -292 | -333 | -41 | -890 | -1 051 | -161 |
| - Income from sales/affiliated | 5 | -13 | +18 | 367 | 72 | +295 |
| - EBIT | 320 | -81 | +338 | 350 | -784 | +1 134 |
| - EBT | 125 | -242 | +367 | -180 | -1 301 | +1 121 |
| - EBT bef. gains | 134 | -195 | +329 | -504 | -1 272 | +768 |

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Improved load but lower yield

| Traditional Revenue Management |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assumes market segmentation <br> - All segments independent <br> - No sell-down <br> - No interaction between segments <br> - Forecast segments independently | High Yield | Independent demand. |
| Removing Restrictions | High Yield |  |
| Market segmentation deteriorates <br> - Segments are dependent <br> - Forecast spiral down <br> - Traditional Optimizer ineffective <br> - Sell-down | Low Yield | Stimulated demand. |

Scandinavian Airlines introduces demand driven one way pricing on European routes

- Simplified rules - one way prices
- Prices entirely demand driven
- Positive impact from one way experienced
- on Norwegian, Swedish Europe/Intrascandinavia
- Reduced yield


Scandinavian Airlines Danmark

- One way prices positively received

- First signs of reduced overcapacity in the home market
- Capacity \& Utilization Focus starting to give effect
- Capacity down 12,6\%
- Cabin factor up 2,7 p.u. during Jan-Sep and up 8,2 p.u. in Q3
- One way prices positively received


| Record load factors but still over capacity in Sweden |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of passengers up $8,6 \%$ in Q3 <br> - Improved market share |  |  |  |
| Strong improvement in load factor | Total revent | 1778 | 5682 |
| - One way pricing <br> - New web site |  | 97 | 191 |
| - Simple rules | EBT | -93 | -373 |

SAS Braathens on track - Jan-Sep result improved by MSEK 599

Jan-Sep cabin factor up 2,0 p.u.

- One AOC established
- Over 40\% internet bookings on domestic routes

| sus Braathens | Jul-Sep |  |  | Jan-Sep |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 200 |
| Total revenues | 3066 | 2846 | 9067 | 84 |
| EBITDAR | 463 | 294 | 1262 | 69 |
| EBT, bef nonrecurring items | 183 | 1 | 424 | -17 |



Scandinavian Airlines International positive result in Q3

- Focus on further cost adaptive measures on intercontinental operations
Cabin factor up 3,7 p.u. in third Quarter
- Several product improvements - Internet onboard all aircraft
- IATA customer survey shows SAS has third

|  | jul-Sep | Jan-Sep |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2005 | 2005 |
| Total revenues | 2217 | 5806 |
| EBITDAR | 384 | 504 |
|  |  |  |
| EBT | 198 | -8 | most satisfied customers of all airlines on USA routes



Scandinavian Airlines Businesses
Strongest EBITDAR improvement since 2002



Group | Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affllated Arilines | Airline Support | Airline Related Business |Hotels
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SAS Braathens and Widerøe's market share stable on Norwegian domestic

— SASBraathens — wideree

- Norvegian —other

Scandinavian Airlines Businesses key airline profitability drivers

|  |  | 2005 <br> Jus 2004-September | January-September |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |

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Scandinavian Airlines has introduced new yield system based on one way pricing


- New yield management system (Optimix) developed based on one way fares
- Optimizing leisure fare
- Buy up in economy
- Automatic price elasticity
- Developed and tested by SAS since July 2004
- All flights individually profile steered according to expected demand
- System has successively and
successfully been rolled out since May

- Introduced on all European routes during the summer 2005


Scandinavian Airlines Businesses Development of number of employees



Yields are stabilizing

12-months rolling


North Atlantic cabin factor above AEA




- Daily departures to/from New York, Washington DC, Chicago, Seattle from Copenhagen
- Daily departures to/from New York and Chicago from Stockholm
- Compared with 2004 capacity has been reduced to New York resulting in improved cabin factors and slightly lower volumes
Positive mix in first half
Traffic in Jan-Sep 2005:
- European airlines (AEA) traffic up 1,9\%
SAS traffic down -6,6\%
- Strong USD and fuel charges



## ECA - Negative effect primarily from weaker performance by LH + BM



- Tri-party Joint Venture agreement with BMI, Lufthansa and SAS signed November 9, 1999
- In effect from January 1, 2000
- Main scope: To integrate the parties scheduled pass. transport to/ from London/ Manchester
- Negative result effect 2002: MSEK 418 (335)
- Negative result effect 2003: MSEK 244
- Negative result effect 2004: MSEK 134
- Result effect 1st quarter 2005: MSEK - 64 (-71)
- Result effect 2nd quarter 2005: MSEK -207 (45)
- Result effect 3rd quarter 2005: MSEK -92 (-62)


## European traffic


—SAS —AEA
-Severe overcapacity on some routes

- Scandinavian Airlines has reduced its capacity by $10,1 \%$ vs 2004
- Scandinavian Airlines introduced one way fares in September which significantly has improved cabin factor further
- Traffic Jan-Sep 2005:
- AEA traffic up 6,2\%
- SAS traffic down -4,0\%


Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airlines

Income for Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airlines improved


|  | July-September |  |  | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSEK | 2005 | 2004 | Change | 2005 | 2004 | Change |
| Revenues | 4511 | 3698 | +813 | 10621 | 9030 | +1591 |
| Operating expensives | -3656 | -3032 | +624 | -8992 | -7876 | -1116 |
| EBITDAR | 855 | 666 | +189 | 1629 | 1154 | +475 |
| Lease | -367 | -298 | +69 | -932 | -869 | +63 |
| EBITDA | 488 | 368 | +120 | 697 | 285 | +412 |
| Depreciation | -82 | -76 | -6 | -236 | -220 | +16 |
| - Income from sales/affiliated | 31 | -4 | +35 | 43 | 119 | -76 |
| - EBIT | 437 | 288 | +149 | 505 | 184 | +321 |
| - EBT | 398 | 248 | +150 | 398 | 100 | +298 |
| - EBT bef. gains | 401 | 253 | +148 | 401 | 45 | +356 |

$\qquad$


- Traffic down 1,8\% compensated by capacity reductions
- Result improvement of MSEK 26 in 3 rd Quarter
- Widerøe won 11 of 16 routes in a tender for the Norwegian short runway system in the period April 2006 to March 2009


■ 2004
$\square 2005$


## Spanair increasing market share in Spain

- Robust traffic development in the total market
- Two new destinations and five new routes
opened in first half 2005
- Number of passengers up $19,5 \%$ in Q3
$\rightarrow$ Spanair gaining market shares
- Strong corporate sale development

More dynamic aircraft allocation within the SAS Group
Passengers vs last year


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Jul-Sep
$2005 \quad 2004 \quad$ Jan-Sep $\begin{array}{llll}3172 & 2788 & 6981 & 6250\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}719 & 618 & 1208 & 6250\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}318 & 280 & 165 & 59\end{array}$

Blue1 - Impressive growth and result margins

- Result improved by MSEK 160 vs last year
- Successful domestic operations
- CFROI $21 \%$
- Strong operational performance
- Traffic up $25,2 \%$ in Jan-Sep
- Cabin factor up 11,2 p.p.

Cabin factor on Finnish domestic $65,1 \%$


Number of passengers ( 12 month roling)


Strong growth in the Baltic carriers despite fierce competition


Airlines Support Businesses


|  | July-September |  |  | January-September |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| MSEK | 2005 | 2004 | Change | 2005 | 2004 | Change |  |
| - Revenues | 3553 | 3537 | +16 | 11041 | 10625 | +416 |  |
| -Operating expensives | -3440 | -3106 | +334 | -10356 | -9753 | +603 |  |
| - EBITDA | 113 | 431 | -318 | 685 | 872 | -187 |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | -71 | -126 | -55 | -276 | -369 | -93 |  |
| - EBIT | 42 | 305 | -263 | 409 | 503 | -94 |  |
| - EBT | 11 | 287 | -276 | 309 | 444 | -135 |  |

Impressive growth in airBaltic and Estonian Air despite fierce competition


- The SAS Group holds 49\% in Estonian Air and 47,2\% in airBaltic
- airBaltic traffic up 119,5\% during Jan-Sep and passengers up 79,5\%
- Estonian Air number of passengers up $17 \%$
- Both airlines compete successfully with Ryanair and Easyjet which have entered the market in 2005


Number of passengers Estonian Air


70
Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airlines
$\qquad$
Arrine Support | Airline Related Business |Hotels
suscoup


- EBT

Airline Support Businesses

Results weaker during 3rd Quarter due to lower volumes in ground and technical


| Jul-Sep in MSEK | SAS | SAS | SAS Cargo |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EBT, bef gains | 9 | -73 | 40 | -123 | 14 |

Airline Related Businesses affected by SAS Trading phase out

|  | July-September |  |  |  | January-September |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| MSEK | 2005 | 2004 | Change | 2005 | 2004 | Change |  |
| - Revenues | 352 | 740 | -388 | 1222 | 2179 | -957 |  |
| - Operating expensives | -308 | -689 | -381 | -1115 | -2020 | +905 |  |
| - EBITDA | 44 | 51 | -7 | 107 | 159 | -52 |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | -31 | -33 | -2 | -96 | -109 | -13 |  |
| D Capital gains | 2 | 0 | +2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| - EBIT | 15 | 18 | -3 | 11 | 50 | -39 |  |
| - EBT | 9 | 14 | -5 | 1 | 39 | -38 |  |

[^0]75

Airline Related Businesses



Strong 3rd ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter improved by MSEK 92
REZIDOR sus


RevPAR (EUR), 12 months rolling value


Financial update

|  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Balance Sheet |  |  |
|  | 30 Sep 05 | 31 Dec 04 |
| MSEK | 8360 | 8595 |
| Liquid funds | 18663 | 20013 |
| Aircraft, spare parts | 33718 | 29175 |
| Other assets | 60741 | 57783 |
| Total assets | 16405 | 15955 |
| Operating liabilities | 26568 | 27280 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 4694 | 3194 |
| Deferred tax | 13074 | 11354 |
| Equity | 60741 | 57783 |
| Total liabilities and equity | $\mathbf{1 5 8 8 8}$ | 17377 |
|  |  |  |

SAS Group's limited aircraft Capex

Firm Aircraft Orders

|  | Total | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Airbus A319* | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Boeing 737 | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Number of aircraft | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| CAPEX (MUSD) | 185 | 3 | 59 | 123 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

[^1]81

SAS Group has amortized MSEK 1414 of utilized facilities since March 2005

|  | MSEK |
| :--- | ---: |
| Liquid Funds September 30, 2005 | 8360 |
| Available Credit Facilites: |  |
| Revolving Credit Facility (MEUR 400) | 2300 |
| Bi-lateral Facilities | 2100 |
| Others | 350 |
| Total Available Facilities | $\underline{4750}$ |
| Total Available Funds | 13110 |

[^2]Clear Targets to Reduce Indebtedness - Key rations improved during first half 2005

## Key figures

- Equity/assets ratio (solidity)
- Financial net debt/ equity
- Fin. net debt+7*Oplease/ equity

| Sep 05 | Dec 04 | Target |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $22 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $>30 \%$ |
| $122 \%$ | $153 \%$ | $<50 \%$ |
| $272 \%$ | $309 \%$ | $<100 \%$ |
|  |  |  |

- Targets will be reached by:
- Turnaround 2005
- Capital Release:
- Aircraft - Surplus and phase-outs
- Other Assets (Properties, non-core subsidiaries etc)
- Cash flow from operations

Financial Net January - September 2005

| (MSEK) | 05-09-30 | $04-12-31$ | Difference |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Interest net and others | -880 | -989 | N/A |
| Exchange rate differences | -26 | -53 | N/A |
| Financial net | -906 | -1042 | N/A |

Amortization profile of interest bearing liabilities


Financial Net January - September 2005

| (MSEK) | $05-09-30$ | $04-09-30$ | Difference |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Interest net and others | -880 | -733 | -147 |
| Exchange rate differences | -26 | -33 | 7 |
| Financial net | -906 | -766 | -140 |

Financial Net July - September 2005

(MSEK) $\qquad$ Q3-2005 Q3-2004 Difference

| Interest net and others | -256 | -272 | 16 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exchange rate differences | -1 | -4 | 3 |
| Financial net | -257 | -276 | 19 |



Development and Break Down of Financial Net Debt 050930

| (MSEK) | 050930 | 040930 | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash | 8360 | 7607 | 753 |
| Other interest bearing assets | 3084 | 1343 | 1741 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | -27 332 | -27 784 | 452 |
| Financial Net debt | -15 888 | -18834 | 2946 |

Development and Break Down of Financial Net Debt 050930

| (MSEK) | 050930 | 041231 | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash | 8360 | 8595 | -235 |
| Other interest bearing assets | 3084 | 1308 | 1776 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | -27 332 | -27 280 | -52 |
| Financial Net debt | -15 888 | -17377 | 1489 |

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## 9212-0509



$\begin{array}{llllllllll}1992 & 1993 & 1994 & 1995 & 1996 & 1997 & 1998 & 1999 & 2000 & 2001 \\ 2002 & 2003 & 2004\end{array}$

Gearing ratios going down



1992199319941995199619971998199920002001200220032004

## MSEK 1934 in Jan-Sep

| July-September |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2005 | 2004 | Change | January-September |  |  |
| 876 | 674 | +202 | 1238 | 2004 | Change |
| -1179 | -1546 | +197 | -905 | +896 |  |
| -303 | -872 | +399 | 333 | -173 | +1038 |
|  |  |  |  | +1934 |  |
| -355 | -672 | +317 | -1092 | -2393 | +1301 |
| 17 | 0 | +17 | 17 | -614 | +631 |
| 1090 | 1123 | -33 | 1735 | 5039 | -3304 |
| 449 | -421 | +700 | 993 | 261 | +562 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -750 | -797 | +217 | -1261 | -1721 | -630 |
| -301 | -1218 | +817 | -268 | -1460 | -1192 |
| -19 | -4 | +15 |  |  | 1 |
| -320 | -1222 | +902 | -235 | -1459 | +1224 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Sum Up - Credit position

- Strong liquidity of MSEK 8360
- Substantial Committed credit facilities of MSEK 4750
- No CAPEX in 2005
- Limited in 2006
- Streamlining of Group - sale of companies
- Turnaround 2005 program with union agreements secured
- Positive cash flow from operations
- Loss carry forward will improve tax position

| - Scandinavian Airlines | $-5 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| - Spanair | $14 \%$ |
| - Widerøe | $0 \%$ |
| - Blue1 | $2 \%$ |
| t airBaltic | $89 \%$ |
| - Total SAS Group | $2-3 \%^{*}$ |

*) Adjusted for airBaltic, capacity increase would be 0\%


## APPENDICES

## Traffic Data

Yield
Unit cost
Fleet
Financial key figures


Scandinavian Airlines Businesses
Total Scheduled

| Jan-Sep | 2005 | 2004 | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Yield (öre/RPK) | 110,5 | 106,7 | $3,6 \%$ |
| Currency adj. yield | 110,5 | 108,0 | $2,3 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 2005 | 2004 | Change |
| Jul-Sep | 103,1 | 100,1 | $3,1 \%$ |
| Yield (öre/RPK) | 103,1 | 103,7 | $-0,6 \%$ |

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Subsidiary \& Afiliated Airlines | Airiline Support | Airline Related Business |Hotels

| Yield, local currency | Sep-Oct | Jan-Sep |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spanair | 7,2\% | 5,4\% |
| wideroe <br> Mencer of the SMS Cine | 5,0\% | 3,8\% |
| Blue" | -6,9\% | 3,3\% |

| ScandinavanAArfines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affiliated Airlines | Airline Support| Arrine Reated Business |Hotel

## Unit Cost

July-September 2005 vs 2004


| Cost analysis | JUL-SEP 04 | JUL-SEP 05 | Var\% | Share of <br> total var $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Personnel | -1864 | -1835 | $-1,5 \%$ | $-0,4 \%$ |



## Total unit cost,

Scandinavian Airlines Businesses


105


## January-September (currency adjusted) vs 2004



Improved load and stable yields


106

Yield development -
Scandinavian Airlines Businesses

\%


- Yields down 9,1\% in 2004
- Yields down 0,6\% in 1st Quarter 2005
- Yields up $7,8 \%$ in $2^{\text {nc }}$ Quarter 2005
- Yields down 0,6\% in 3 rd Quarter 2005
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { Passenger Yield } \\ \text { January-September 2005 vs } 2004 \\ \text { Rominal } \\ \text { yield }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}\text { Currency } \\ \text { effect }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}\text { Adjusted } \\ \text { yield }\end{array}\right]$

Passenger Yield
January-September 2005 vs 2004

109


Yield relatively stable but affected in $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter by one way pricing


## Passenger Yield

$3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter 2005 vs 2004

| Route Sector | Nominal <br> yield | Currency <br> effect | Adjusted <br> yield |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Scandinavian Airlines Busin. | 103 | 96 | 99 |
| Intercontinental | 102 | 97 | 99 |
| Europe | 101 | 95 | 96 |
| Intrascandinavian | 108 | 95 | 102 |
| Denmark | 103 | 97 | 99 |
| Norway | 111 | 92 | 103 |
| Sweden | 89 | 99 | 89 |



| January-September |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| - Traffic growth (RPK) | down | $1,4 \%$ |
| - Cabin Factor | up | 2,2 p.u. |
| - Yields | up | $2,3 \%$ |
| - Unit costs indAccost | down | $1,0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| July-September |  |  |
| - Traffic growth (RPK) | up | $0,1 \%$ |
| - Cabin Factor | up | 5,9 p.u. |
| - Yields | down | $0,6 \%$ |
| - Unit costs ind Accost | up | $1,4 \%$ |



## Moving 12 months values



Weaker USD in the beginning of 2005 has had a positive effect on costs


Group
114

## Currency Effects - SAS Group

January-September 2005 vs 2004


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Currency Effects - SAS Group
July-September 2005 vs 2004

| MSEK | Jul-Sep |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total revenues | +571 |
| Total costs | +109 |
| Forward cover costs \& working cap. | -86 |
| Income before depr. | +182 |
|  |  |
| Financial items | +3 |
| Income before tax | +185 |



Currency distribution in the SAS Group 2004


Expenses


Currency Effects - SAS Group
July-September 2005 vs 2004

| Total revenues \& costs: (Total +96 MSEK) |  | Working capital: (Total +31 MSEK) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major approx. effects: |  |  |  |
| USD | -51 | 2004 | +2 |
| DKK | -12 | 2005 | +33 |
| NOK | +123 | Financial items: (Total + 3 MSEK) |  |
| EUR | 25 |  |  |
| Asian curr. | +7 |  |  |
| All others | +4 | $\begin{aligned} & 2004 \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ | -4 -1 |
| Forward cover costs: (Total +55 MSEK) |  | Grand total +185 MSEK |  |
| 2004 | +30 |  |  |
| 2005 | +85 |  |  |

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SAS Group fleet as of September 30, 2005

 120

## SAS share



SAS share price vs. peers 2004

SAS Market Capitalization vs. European Peers measured in SEK (December 31, 2004 - September 30, 2005)


Group | Scandinavian Airlines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affllated Arrines | Airline Support | Arrline Related Bustios 122

Number of traded SAS shares increasing



[^0]:    $\qquad$

[^1]:    Group | Scandinavian Arrines Businesses | Subsidiary \& Affllated Airines | Ariline Support | Arrine Related Business |Hotels

[^2]:    Available facilities
    MSEK 4750

    - Utilized facilities MSEK 2200
    - Total facilities MSEK 6950

